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## HONGKONG LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

A meeting of the Hongkong Legislative Council was held yesterday at the Council Chamber.

The following were present:—

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR, SIR FRANCIS HENRY MAY, K.C.M.G.

HIS EXCELLENCY MAJOR-GENERAL F. VENTRIS (General Officer Commanding the Troops).

Hon. Mr. A. M. THOMSON (Colonial Secretary).

Hon. Mr. J. H. KEMP (Attorney-General).

Hon. Mr. E. D. C. WOLFE (Colonial Treasurer).

Hon. Mr. W. CHATHAM, C.M.G. (Director of Public Works).

Hon. Mr. C. McI. MESSER (Captain Superintendent of Police).

Hon. Mr. S. B. C. ROSS (Secretary for Chinese Affairs).

Hon. Mr. WEI YUK, C.M.G.

Hon. Mr. H. E. POLLOCK, K.C.

Hon. Mr. E. A. LEWETT, C.M.G.

Hon. Mr. E. B. SHELTON.

Hon. Mr. D. LANDALE.

Hon. Mr. LAU CHU PAI.

Mr. A. G. M. FLETCHER (Clerk of Council).

### MINUTES.

The minutes of the last meeting were read and confirmed.

### FINANCE.

The Colonial Secretary, by command of H.E. the Governor, laid on the table Financial Minutes Nos. 31 to 39, and moved that they be referred to the Finance Committee.

The Colonial Treasurer seconded, and this was agreed to.

### PAPERS.

The Colonial Secretary, by command of H.E. the Governor, laid on the table the following papers:—Report of meeting of Public Works Committee held on July 8th; further financial provision for the construction account of the Kowloon-Canton railway; quarterly return of excesses on sub-heads met by savings under heads of expenditure; statement regarding typhoon refuge to June 30th; and a diagram of low level dam under construction at Tytam Tuk, showing progress to June 30th.

EVIDENCE (AMENDMENT) ORDINANCE.

The ATTORNEY-GENERAL moved the first reading of a Bill intituled, "An Ordinance to amend the Evidence Ordinance, 1880."

The Colonial Secretary seconded, and the motion was agreed to.

The "Objects and Reasons" state:—

The main object of this Bill is to assimilate the law of Hongkong to the law of the United Kingdom in respect of the admissibility of affidavits and notarial acts taken and made before British diplomatic or consular officers. The only changes proposed to be effected by this part of the Bill, i.e., clauses 2 and 3, are certain small alterations which were made in the United Kingdom by the Commissioners for Oaths Act, 1891, 54 and 55 Vict. c. 50, s. 2.

An amendment of section 25 of the Principal Ordinance is necessary because the definition of "consular officer" in the Interpretation Ordinance, 1911, does not appear to be quite wide enough.

It is also proposed to amend section 32 of the Principal Ordinance in three points. This is dealt with in Clause 4.

Paragraphs (a) and (c) of that clause correct a grammatical mistake.

Paragraph (b) does away with what has been a source of embarrassment and has sometimes led to the loss of valuable evidence, i.e., the requirement that before a deposition can be taken some medical practitioner must express an opinion that the patient "is not likely to recover."

Paragraph (d) corrects a double error. In the first place, the section as a whole relates only to indictable offences, so that the clause introduced by the words, "if the same relate to any indictable offence," exhausts the whole class and leaves nothing to be operated upon by the clause introduced by the words, "and in all other cases." In the second place, the proper officer to receive the deposition in cases where the accused has not been committed or bailed to appear for trial is obviously the Magistrate's Clerk and not the Registrar of the Supreme Court.

LAND REGISTRATION (AMENDMENT) ORDINANCE.

The ATTORNEY-GENERAL moved the first reading of a Bill intituled, "An Ordinance to amend the Land Registration Ordinance, 1844."

The Colonial Secretary seconded, and the motion was agreed to.

The "Objects and Reasons" attached to the Bill state:—

The main object of this Bill is to enable a defendant to register a judgment without having to obtain the plaintiff's signature to the memorial. Inconvenience is sometimes caused through the unwillingness of an unsuccessful plaintiff to assist a successful defendant in this respect.

Clauses 3 and 4 provide for the case of a judgment by which no "sum" is "recovered."

TRADING WITH THE ENEMY (SECOND AMENDMENT) ORDINANCE.

The ATTORNEY-GENERAL moved the first reading of a Bill intituled, "An Ordinance to amend further the Trading with the Enemy Ordinance, 1914, and to effect certain purposes connected therewith."

The Colonial Secretary seconded, and the motion was agreed to.

The ATTORNEY-GENERAL then moved the suspension of the Standing Orders in order that the Bill might pass through all its stages at that meeting.

Hon. Mr. POLLOCK—I think, Sir, that if it was intended to pass this Bill through all its stages at this meeting, the hon. members of the Council should have been given the usual notice, and that a "star" should have been affixed opposite this Bill on the agenda. It is very inconvenient, because when notice is given of the first reading of a Bill hon. members do not trouble to read through the Bill very closely.

The COLONIAL SECRETARY—I do not know exactly on what date this notice was sent out, but it was only circulated quite recently.

Hon. Mr. POLLOCK—Well, that does not absolve the matter. When it was known that this Bill was intended to go through at one meeting notice should have been given. Hon. members only came up there for what appeared, on the face of the agenda, to be the first reading of the Bill.

HIS EXCELLENCY—The hon. member is quite right. We ought to have given notice that it was intended to carry this Bill through all its stages to-day, but some information reached me yesterday by telegraph which makes it very desirable to pass this Bill. If hon. members will pass it, it will enable us to deal with certain matters more expeditiously and more satisfactorily. The usual procedure involves, as hon. members know, a certain amount of circumlocution and delay. I apologise to hon. members for not giving due notice. We ought to have done so, I confess.

The motion was carried.

The ATTORNEY-GENERAL then moved the second reading of the Bill. In doing so he said—The bulk of this Ordinance, Sir, was taken from a recent English Act, and deals with the payments of money to custodians of enemy property, who will receive and hold all money payable to enemies in the Colony, and in whom may be vested property in the Colony on behalf of enemies. I think that, judging from certain enquiries which have been put to me from time to time, there is some not unobvious misunderstanding about the law on the subject, and I think it would perhaps serve a useful purpose, and help in the understanding of the present law on the subject of payment of money to alien enemies, and what I shall say with regard to payment of money to enemies will apply equally to payments made on their behalf and dealings with property on their behalf. By the general law of the Empire it is, of course, illegal for any person in British territory to pay any money to any person resident or carrying on business in enemy territory and similar obligations have been placed on British subjects in China not to pay money to enemies resident in or carrying on business in enemy territory. That law has been in force practically since the beginning of the war, and recently, on the 25th June, a further prohibition was introduced, namely, prohibition against payments by persons in our territory to persons of enemy nationality in China, Siam, Persia, and Morocco, so that by the general law it is now illegal to pay any money to any person of enemy nationality in enemy territory, or in either of the four countries which I have mentioned. The first point I should like to make it clear about this Bill is that the Bill refers to enemies in this sense, namely: Persons carrying on business or resident in enemy country or persons of enemy nationality in China, Siam, Persia, or Morocco. It does not refer to payments of money to enemy subjects who are not enemies in the sense I have just explained. It is true that by our local law no payment may be made to any person of enemy nationality without your permission, Sir. This is a special prohibition in force here to avoid improper interference with the liquidation of German firms, but the provisions of this Bill with regard to payments do not refer, as I have just said, to payments to persons of enemy nationality in neutral countries, and only to enemies in the sense which I explained at the beginning. The second point which I should like to make clear, also a matter of some misunderstanding, is that it will only refer to payments which are due to be made in Hongkong. In the United Kingdom a custodian has been appointed to receive payments which are due in England and Scotland. In the Straits Settlements a custodian has been appointed to receive payments which would have been payable in the Straits Settlements, and in China an enemy dividend account has been opened into which money has been paid which is due by British subjects in China to enemy subjects there. This Bill will refer to payments due to be made

in Hongkong to enemies. Sections 3 to 8 are taken almost verbatim from the English Act, Trading with the Enemy Amendment Act 1914, and that provides for the constitution of the office of custodian, and requires that dividends, interest, and shares in profits shall be paid to him which would otherwise go to the enemy. It also requires persons holding property on behalf of enemies to furnish particulars in respect of that property to the custodian, and imposes penalties on persons who fail to make these payments and who fail to furnish these particulars. These penalties are substantial, and amount to fines up to \$1,000 and to imprisonment for six months with or without hard labour. The Supreme Court is also given power, on the application of a creditor or a Government Department, to vest any property on behalf of enemies, and belonging to enemies, in the custodian, to be dealt with for the benefit of the creditors of the enemy estate. The custodian may hold all this property subject to your permission, Sir, but failing that permission he can hold it until the close of the war. There is also power in some cases for the intervention of the Court to apply the money or property so held for the payment of the debts due by the enemy to whom the money or property belongs. The last three sections of the Bill refer to a somewhat different matter. Section 10 is taken verbatim from the Certificates of Origin Amendment Ordinance 1915, which is being repealed, and the provisions have been inserted in this Bill, and they will perhaps appear here more conveniently. The matter is really more properly dealt with in the Trading with the Enemy Ordinance than in the Ordinance relating to Certificates of Origin. Section 10, perhaps I should explain, gives the Superintendent of Imports and Exports power to seize any goods which may be found in the Colony when he has reason to suspect that they have come from an enemy country, and the goods so seized may be forfeited by a Magistrate, and in the proceedings for forfeiture the onus is thrown on the claimant of the goods to show that the origin of the goods was not enemy territory. Section 11 is an extension of that same policy, and is also taken from the English Act to meet the new case of the recent Proclamation, which makes enemy subjects in China enemies in a trading sense. It also provides that where the Superintendent of Imports and Exports has reason to suspect that any goods which have come from a distance have come either directly or indirectly from an enemy he may seize the goods, and the same proceedings follow as in the case of goods coming from an enemy territory. Section 12 is a re-enactment of a section in the Certificates of Origin Amendment Ordinance. The provision is intended to facilitate proof where evidence has to be given of facts, and things done at a distance from this Colony. It provides that any certificate of a British Consular officer shall be *prima facie* evidence of the truth of the matter stated therein. It is up to the defendant to rebut that evidence, but until he does so such certificate shall be sufficient evidence of the truth of the matter stated therein. I beg to move the second reading.

The Colonial Secretary seconded.

Council then went into Committee to consider the Bill clause by clause.

The Bill passed through Committee without amendment, and

The ATTORNEY-GENERAL then moved that it be read a third time.

The Colonial Secretary seconded, and the Bill was then read a third time and passed.

The "Objects and Reasons" state:—

The object of Clauses 3 to 8, both inclusive, of this Bill is to introduce the provisions of the Trading with the Enemy Amendment Act, 1914, 5 Geo. 5, c. 12, with reference to the constitution of the office of Custodian of enemy property.

Clause 9, which is founded on Section 9 of the above Act, is intended to prevent the acquisition by companies of any undertakings liable to inspection under Section 3 of the Principal Ordinance.

Clauses 10 and 12 propose to re-enact the provision of the Certificates of Origin Amendment Ordinance, 1915, repealed by Clause 2 of the Bill. It has been thought that it would be more convenient to have the provisions of that Ordinance in the present Bill.

The object of Clause 11 is to apply to goods coming from or destined for persons of enemy nationality in China, Siam, Persia and Morocco, the powers of seizure and forfeiture given by the above Ordinance with respect to goods coming from an enemy country.

ASIATIC EMIGRATION ORDINANCE.

The ATTORNEY-GENERAL moved the first reading of a Bill intituled, "An Ordinance to amend and consolidate the Law relating to 'Chinese Passenger Ships' as defined by the Chinese Passengers Act, 1855, and concerning Asiatic Emigrants generally."

The Colonial Secretary seconded, and the motion was agreed to.

The "Objects and Reasons" attached to the Bill state, *inter alia*:—

This Bill should, it is proposed, repeal and supersede the Chinese Emigration Ordinance, 1889, and its amending Ordinances.

There are many circumstances connected with Chinese Emigration which, although important at the time of the Chinese Passengers Act, 1855, are now not of practical consequence; there have been also since the date of the Chinese Emigration Ordinance, 1889, great changes in the conditions under which Asiatic Emigration is permitted from places or in vessels under British control.

The scheme of the Bill is to endeavour to simplify and compress the rather disconnected provisions of the Chinese Emigration Ordinance, 1889, and its amending Ordinances; to connect it more sharply and clearly with its mother Act (the Chinese Passengers Act, 1855), to omit such portions as seem to be at the present day obsolete, unnecessary or forbidden, and to bring it up to a stage of modern requirements.

### FINANCE COMMITTEE.

A meeting of the Finance Committee, followed, the Colonial Secretary presiding.

The Governor recommended the following votes:—

STATIONERY.

A sum of \$3,000 in aid of the vote Miscellaneous Services, Stationery.

THE CHAIRMAN—The explanation is that the use of stationery has increased

very much during the past few years, and this sum is required to meet the expenditure for 1915.

The vote was agreed to.

WATER WORKS.

A sum of \$2,300 in aid of the vote Public Works, Recurrent, Kowloon, Water Works, Water Accounts (Meters, etc.).

THE CHAIRMAN—The explanation is that a large number of extra meters have been fixed.

The vote was agreed to.

GEAR FOR GOVERNMENT LAUNCHES.

A sum of \$90 in aid of the vote Miscellaneous Services, Government Launches, Gear, etc.

THE CHAIRMAN—This is owing to the moving of coal from the launches to the railway.

The vote was agreed to.

"MISCELLANEOUS SERVICES."

A sum of \$4,555 in aid of the vote Miscellaneous Services, Other Miscellaneous Services.

THE CHAIRMAN—The vote for this is now exhausted. The sum is unforeseen expenditure and was paid on account of certain steamers which were kept at Singapore by this Government. They had to stay there some days and this Government had to pay the damage.

The vote was agreed to.

JUDICIAL AND LEGAL EXPENSES.

A sum of \$2,500 in aid of the vote Judicial and Legal Departments, C.—District Officer, Personal Emoluments, Northern District, District Officer.

THE CHAIRMAN—This is in connection with District Officers' Salaries. After considerable discussion these were increased and they are being allowed to obtain emoluments from June, of last year. This amount is required to put the matter through for the current year.

The vote was agreed to.

WAR DEPARTMENT EXPENDITURE.

A sum of \$75,000 in aid of the vote Miscellaneous Services, War Department Expenditure.

THE CHAIRMAN—It is estimated that this sum of \$75,000 will be required for the remaining six months.

THE COLONIAL TREASURER—More will be wanted now, because of the prisoners of war at Kowloon; we shall want another \$30,000 or \$40,000.

THE CHAIRMAN—We shall come to that later.

The vote was agreed to.

EDUCATION DEPARTMENT CHARGE.

A sum of \$228 in aid of the vote Education, A.—Department of Director of Education, Other Charges, Director of Education, Transport.

THE CHAIRMAN—This has been brought about owing to the provision of furniture, and the appointment of an assistant master.

The vote was agreed to.

IMPROVEMENTS AT THE C.S.O.

A sum of \$140 in aid of the vote Public Works, Extraordinary, Hongkong, Miscellaneous, Improvement to the record room in Colonial Secretary's Office.

THE CHAIRMAN—Something was found necessary to be done after the work was started and the \$140 is required to do this.

The vote was agreed to.

REWARD FUND.

A sum of \$2,000 in aid of the vote Imports and Exports Department, Other Charges, Reward Fund.

THE CHAIRMAN—This is in connection with the Trading with the Enemy Ordinance. It was thought as first to start a local fund on the same principle as the Opium Department. This mainly will be placed to the credit of the Reward Fund, and at the end of the year any balance in favour of the Government will be paid back. It might probably happen that no part of the money will be required.

The vote was agreed to.



## THE KOWLOON-CANTON RAILWAY.

## FURTHER FINANCIAL PROVISION FOR CONSTRUCTION ACCOUNT.

The following correspondence was laid before the Legislative Council by command of His Excellency the Governor, yesterday:

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,

Sir,—With reference to your despatch No. 59 of the 11th March, 1915, I have the honour to address you on the subject of making further financial provision for the Construction Account of the Railway.

As you are aware, the amount available up to date is £1,350,000, consisting of repayments of the loan to the Viceroy at Weihang, £1,100,000, and the further loan of £250,000 to be raised under Ordinance No. 8 of 1913.

2.—Of the loan to the Chinese Authorities £990,000 have already been repaid and advanced to Railway Account; the total, in local currency at various rates of exchange, coming to \$10,374,216. The remaining £110,000 repayable this year together with £110,000 repayable in this year's (the rate of exchange in this year's estimates) would come to \$3,927,224. The total amount available is therefore \$14,301,440.

3.—The revised estimate which has been sanctioned up to date on Capital Account is \$15,197,555, as indicated in Column VII. of Sessional Paper No. 22 of 1914, which was enclosed in my despatch No. 22 of the 15th January last, showing a deficiency of \$890,000.

4.—On due consideration I have arrived at the conclusion that the best method of meeting this deficiency is to provide it from the accumulated balance of the Colony, which came to a sum of \$2,910,474 on the 31st December last.

At the present rate of expenditure the funds already sanctioned will be exhausted at latest by the end of June next, and I therefore propose with your sanction to take the necessary steps for appropriating from the Government Funds the sum that is estimated to be required for the remainder of the year. This sum is \$486,144 and is arrived at as follows:—

Yield from the loans of £1,000,000  
Estimated expenditure during the year 1915 ..... \$14,301,440  
Expenditure to 31st December, 1914 ..... 14,095,661

Balance available ..... \$ 205,828

Estimated expenditure during the year 1915 ..... 691,072

Deficiency ..... \$ 486,144

5.—It is hoped that in the near future it will be possible to sell the sites of the old Supreme Court and Post Office Buildings in Victoria. These sites cover an area of 36,775 square feet. In addition there are the lots north of Salisbury Road, Kowloon, which were resumed in the years 1909 and 1910 as a site for the terminal station. The lots have a total area of 262,380 square feet. There is little doubt that during the next few years the value of this land will appreciate considerably and with these prospects in view I feel that the financial operation for which I have asked your sanction will only result in a temporary reduction in the assets of the Colony.—I have, etc.,

F. H. MAY, Governor, etc.

The Right Honourable LEWIS HARCOURT, M.P., etc.

DOWNING STREET,

8th June, 1915.

Sir,—I have the honour to acknowledge the receipt of your despatch No. 137 of the 22nd April, and to inform you that I approve your proposals for making further financial provision for the Construction Account of the Railway.—I have, etc.,

A. BONAR LAW, Governor.

Sir F. H. MAY, K.C.M.G., etc.

## THE TYPHOON REFUGE AT MONGKOKTSUI.

The following statement to 30th July, 1915, by the Director of Public Works was laid before the Legislative Council yesterday by command of H.E. Governor:—

Contract time for completion—5 years from the 27th October, 1910. Contract price ..... \$2,018,002 Cost of Contractor's extras other than those for which provision is made in the Contract ..... Nil.

Total amount of Contract and Extras ..... \$2,018,002

Per month ..... \$ 33,633

Divided into 60 months ..... \$1,883,448

56 months at \$33,633 ..... \$1,883,448

Amount earned by Contractor on work actually accomplished including sum retained under the provisions of the Contract in the hands of the Government ..... \$1,890,724

## PROPOSED ENLARGEMENT OF HARBOUR OFFICE.

A Report of the proceedings of the Public Works Committee of the Legislative Council laid before the Council yesterday was as follows:—

The Chairman laid before the Committee a proposal to extend the existing Harbour Office building eastwards over the portion of Crown land which adjoins Connaught Road, such extension to be used to accommodate the Liquors Ordinance Office and moderate the staff. The drawings submitted showed that the building would be a 3-storied one, the ground floor being utilized for officers and the two upper floors for two sets of quarters, each containing 3 rooms, 2 bathrooms, a kitchen and servants' quarters. The estimated cost of the extension was \$36,000.

The Committee unambiguously agreed to recommend that the work be carried out in accordance with the plans submitted.

## FAMILY OF FIVE ON \$50 A MONTH.

## CASE IN THE SUMMARY COURT.

At the Summary Court yesterday, before Mr. Justice Compton, Messrs. A. S. Watson & Co. sued S. C. Toledo for \$19.45.

Mr. M. J. D. Stephens represented the plaintiff Company, and Mr. Leo d'Almada appeared for the defendant.

Mr. Stephens said he understood that the defendant would admit the debt. He was in Court, he believed.

Mr. d'Almada—I appear for the defendant, and I apply to your lordship to set aside the service of the writ on the ground that the service is bad. The copy served on my client does not appear to have been signed.

Mr. Stephens—That is a matter that can be easily remedied. My draft is signed. That is all I know.

His lordship—The original is all right. Is it necessary that the copy should be signed also?

Mr. d'Almada—Yes, my lord. Mr. d'Almada said that, subject to this objection he admitted the amount claimed.

There was a further point he would like to mention. The defendant asked the solicitor for the plaintiffs to be allowed to pay at the rate of \$5 per month, but Mr. Stephens, without consulting his clients, absolutely refused this offer and promptly issued the writ.

Mr. Stephens—I was instructed by my clients. I refused the offer for the reason that the defendant, who was a year ago allowed to pay at the rate of \$5 per month, had not kept his promise, and had not paid since last September, and I was instructed when I issued the writ not to accept any instalments. I ask for judgment for the amount claimed. There was a sum of \$5 paid in August last year and in September an instalment of \$4. If he had kept his promise he would not have been sued. The defendant is a young man who received \$50 a month.

Mr. d'Almada—Yes, that is all.

His lordship—Has he a large family?

Mr. d'Almada—Yes, my lord. He has a wife and three children, and is in anticipation of another. He was formerly employed in a German firm, and some time after the outbreak of war the liquidators were placed in possession, and that is why he is in this unfortunate position. I suggest payment at the rate of \$2 per month.

Mr. Stephens—I think that is a matter that is beyond the Court.

His lordship (to Mr. Stephens)—How much do you think this man can live on?

Mr. Stephens—Well, I cannot say. His income is \$50 a month.

His lordship—Do you think he can live on less than \$48 a month with his wife and children?

Mr. Stephens said if the defendant paid \$10 per month it might be accepted. He thought the defendant was well able to do so.

His lordship—Do you think that five people can live on \$50 a month?

Mr. Stephens—Well, allow me, my lord. I do not think this question has anything to do with the case. He may have other means.

Mr. d'Almada said that the man had no other means.

His lordship told Mr. Stephens that if he suggested that the defendant had other means he would consider it, but otherwise he did not think he could make such an order as asked.

Mr. Stephens—He offered \$5 a month before.

Mr. d'Almada—Yes, at very great inconvenience to himself.

Mr. Stephens—Now it is proposed to reduce that amount to \$2. It is absurd.

Mr. d'Almada—If there was a chance of your clients getting \$5 a month I think they were foolish not to accept it.

Mr. Stephens—I think it is enabling these young men to evade payment of their proper bills.

His lordship—Why do you give them credit then?

Mr. Stephens—He was given an opportunity of paying. We did not press him too much, and we have tried to treat him leniently. Now he comes into Court and offers something less than he paid before.

Mr. d'Almada—It is your fault. You should have accepted the \$5 offered and there would have been an end of it.

Mr. Stephens—I think he can pay more. I think he can pay \$5 a month.

His lordship—You think he and his family can live on the balance?

Mr. Stephens—Yes, your lordship. \$5 is nothing.

Mr. d'Almada—Not to my friend, but it is something to my client.

Mr. Stephens said he did not think it would be fair that his clients should be paid only \$2 a month. In all probability it would never be paid at all.

His lordship told Mr. Stephens that he had his remedy if he did not.

His lordship made an order on the defendant for payment of \$2 a month.

Mr. d'Almada—You will not award costs against the defendant in view of the fact that the writ was improperly served?

There are two reasons why costs should not be awarded in this case.

Mr. Stephens said it did not affect the case at all. It was a mere clerical error.

Mr. d'Almada suggested that there should be no costs for this appearance in Court.

Mr. Stephens—No costs for this appearance? What costs does your lordship suggest then?

Eventually costs of the day were allowed, less the costs endorsed on the writ.

## SUMMARY COURT.

## ACTIONS PENDING.

Monday, the 20th inst., was fixed by the Puisne Judge for the hearing of two actions brought against Parr & Co., Ltd.

In the one George Fisher sued the firm for \$91.06, and in the other the plaintiff is Tam Sui Wai and the claim is for \$70. There is a claim against V. C. Parr for \$77.30, the plaintiff being H. Rantonjee.

## ANOTHER MONEY-LENDING CASE.

Mahan Singh, a constable in the Hongkong Force, was sued by a registered money-lender named Bhagat Singh for \$105. The defendant appeared in Court carrying a copy of the Koran, wrapped up in red silk. He admitted \$50 only, and asked for instalments.

Mr. Gardiner, who appeared for the money-lender, said that the defendant had the money. He possessed landed property in India, and he had recently borrowed 700 rupees on this property.

Defendant said that he was already paying \$5 a month on another judgment. He admitted that he had property in India, and declared that if the plaintiff wanted to take possession of that land he could do so.

Mr. Gardiner suggested that judgment should be given for \$50 and that the parties should settle among themselves as to how it was paid.

His lordship consented, and advised the defendant not to sign another promissory note without coming to terms.

## HONGKONG VOLUNTEER CORPS.

ORDERS BY LIEUT.-COL. A. CHAPMAN, V.D.

## LEAVE.

Pte. J. Gibb is granted leave of absence from 12.9.15 to 15.10.15, Gr. H. E. Holland's leave of absence is extended to 27.3.16.

SIGNALING SECTION.—Ptes. Luz and Santos are detailed for telephone duty at King's Park Range on Saturday, 11th instant, at 2 p.m.

PARADES.—Parades for Saturday—At Field Training at Night Section M. G. Co.—Field Training at Fanning.

Dress—Marching order (i.e., helmet, shorts, khaki shirt, puttees, rifle, sidearms, bandolier (empty), four pouches (empty), waterbottle (filled) and haversack.

Fall in.—Members ready in Hongkong at 8 a.m. on Cricket Ground, Kowloon members at 8.30 a.m. at Ferry Wharf, Kowloon.

Sandwiches will be provided. Blank ammunition will be issued on parade.

DETAILS.—Gun Club Hill, Kowloon.—On duty until morning of 13th instant—H.K.V.R.

Detention Camp, Kowloon.—On duty until morning of 13th instant—H.K.V.R.

G. E. STEWART, Captain, Adjutant, H.K.V. Corps.

## HONGKONG POLICE RESERVE.

## PATROLS.

Saturday, September 11th.—5.50 p.m.—Crown-Sergeant Langley and seven P. Cs. to be detailed by Crown-Sergeant Sillar Khan.

8.50 p.m.—One N. C. Officer and seven P. Cs. to be detailed by Inspector d'Almada.

Sunday, September, 12th.—5.50 p.m.—One N. C. Officer and seven P. Cs. to be detailed by Inspector d'Almada.

8.50 p.m.—Chief Inspector Mason, Sergeant Chinchen, Weaver, Rosser, Grumble, Cartwright and Martin.

Monday, September 13th.—5.50 p.m.—One N. C. Officer and seven P. Cs. to be detailed by Acting-Inspector J. M. Wong.

8.50 p.m.—One N. C. Officer and seven P. Cs. to be detailed by Inspector d'Almada.

Warning.—Once a man is warned for Patrol, he will be held absolutely responsible for providing a substitute in case of inability to attend. The name of the substitute must be at once communicated to the D. S. P.'s office.

PARADE.—Monday, Sept. 13th.—Indian Recruits under Sergeant Major for Rifle Exercises.

Tuesday, Sept. 14th.—All Chinese Recruits for Rifle Exercises under Chief Inspector F. C. JENKIN.

D. S. P. (Reserve).

## PRINCE OF WALES' FUND.

## SUBSCRIPTION LIST NO. 47.

Police, 11th Subscription ..... \$ 238.00  
"A. Mahomedan" ..... 50.00  
A. & F. M. ..... 50.00  
Mr. and Mrs. G. L. Platt (Aug.) ..... 20.00  
Mr. S. C. Novall ..... 15.00  
H. T. Lister, proceeds of Men's Smoking Concert at R. N. Canteen ..... 41.25  
Mr. E. Woolley ..... 50.00

Mr. R. D. Harvey's Fund—Collected by Capt. C. A. Mutton (Army)—Mr. and Mrs. Mutton \$15, Miss E. O'Sullivan \$5, Mr. J. Noble \$10, Mr. H. Cadman \$10, Mr. G. F. Matthews \$5.

Collected by Capt. H. D. Jones—Capt. and Mrs. H. D. Jones \$30, Mr. F. J. Becke \$15, Mr. W. L. Foster \$10, Mr. J. H. Woolhouse \$10.

Collected by Miss Square—Dr. Forsyth \$15, Mr. Maurice \$10, Mr. White \$5, Mr. MacMartin \$5, T. A. L. \$5, A. J. S. \$5, Mr. W. E. Douglas \$5.

Collected by Mrs. B. Eastace—J. A. \$7.50, Mr. F. M. Crawford \$5, Mr. G. J. Harman \$5, Mr. E. J. Ainslie \$3, Mr. H. E. Scriven \$5.

Mr. R. D. Bridger \$5, Mr. Duncan Clark \$2, Mr. J. C. England \$2, Mr. H. Bullock \$1.50, Mr. A. E. Paine \$5, Donation \$2.

Collected by Mr. H. Murray Bain—Mr. H. Murray Bain \$15, Mr. W. A. Donaldson \$15, Mr. Geo. Harper \$5.

Collected by Master J. J. McKay, Kongmoon—Mr. McKay, Frank Smith \$5, Mr. W. R. McKay \$5, Dr. J. A. McDonald \$1, Rev. Duncan McRae \$1, Miss Agnes I. Dickson \$1, Miss Ethel C. Reid \$1, Miss Florence H. Langill \$1, Dr. Jessie A. McLean \$1, Master J. McKay \$0.40.

Collected by Mr. R. D. Harvey—Mr. Herbert Goffe Esq., C.M.G., (14th Sub.), \$50, Capt. S. C. H. Wilde \$10, Staff Hotel's Wharf, Kowloon \$53, Staff Cement Works, Kowloon \$73, Mr. J. P. Scott, Haiphong \$28.66, Mr. A. Coleman \$5, Mr. W. McKay \$3, Mr. A. E. Harvey \$3, Mr. and Mrs. McGrann \$2, Mr. J. Stalker \$2, Mr. L. Corner \$3, Miss Baylis \$5, Mr. A. H. Roberts \$5, L.S. \$3.

Already acknowledged ..... \$ 864.63  
Monthly Subscriptions ..... \$ 1,214.23  
Already acknowledged ..... \$ 58,434.44  
Remitted to London:—  
22/12/14 £17,000 @ 1/9 5/16  
20/3/15 7,000 @ 1/9 5/16  
26/5/15 2,000 @ 1/9 5/16  
3/9/15 3,000 @ 1/9 5/16  
Balance in hand ..... \$ 1,923.06

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## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

## NOTICE.

**MESSESS. JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd., have DISMISSED their Pledge Goods Broker—AH SUN (Yung Sung)—and he no longer represents them for the Sale of any Goods.**  
Hongkong, 11th September, 1915. [988]

## NOTICE.

**THE Master of the s.s. "MANAPOURI" hereby notifies that he will not be Responsible for any Debts incurred by any Member of his Crew.**  
F. A. MAXWELL,  
Master.  
Hongkong, 10th September, 1915. [990]

## FOR SALE.

**THE Hull of the former Revenue Steamer "FEIHO" as it now lies in Canton Harbour. Offers may be sent to the COMMISSIONER OF CUSTOMS, Canton, 9th September, 1915. [997]**

**THE PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.**  
STEAM FOR STRAITS, CEYLON, AUSTRALIA, ADEN, EGYPT, MEDITERRANEAN PORTS AND LONDON.

**THROUGH BILLS OF LADING ISSUED FOR BATAVIA, AMERICAN, CONTINENTAL, AND SOUTH AFRICA PORTS.**

## THE "NANKIN"

Captain G. Macleay, carrying His Majesty's Mails, will be despatched from this port on or about the 24th September, 1915, taking Passengers and Mails for the above Ports, in connection with the Co.'s s.s. "ARABIA" from Colombo, passengers' accommodation in which vessel is secured before departure from Hongkong.

Silk and Valuables and Tea and Cargo for Italy, France and London (under arrangement) will be transhipped at Colombo into the Mail Steamer proceeding via Bombay to Marseilles and London. Other Cargo for London, etc., will be conveyed via Bombay and transhipped to the s.s. "KARNATAKA" due in London about the 6th Nov., 1915.

Parcels will be received at the Office until 4 P.M. the day before sailing. The contents and value of all packages are required. For further particulars, apply to E. A. HEWETT, Superintendent.

Hongkong, 11th September, 1915. [1]

## \$2,000 REWARD.

**WHEREAS** at about 10 p.m. on the 8th September, 1915, two men, aged between 20 and 30 years, dressed in dark clothing and armed with daggers, attacked and stabbed a Chinese gentleman named SIU UN in St. Francis Street, Wanchai, A REWARD of TWO THOUSAND DOLLARS (\$2,000) will be paid by the undersigned to any person who shall give such information as shall lead to the arrest and conviction of the said two men.

(Sd.) C. McI. MESSER,  
Captain Superintendent of Police.  
Hongkong, September 9th, 1915. [994]

## FRENCH CONVENT SCHOOL.

**THE FRENCH CONVENT SCHOOL** at Causeway Bay, not being completed, the Classes will RE-OPEN at the present building at Wanchai on MONDAY next, 13th September, at 9 A.M.

Further notice will be given when the School is opened in Causeway Bay.  
Hongkong, 7th September, 1915. [946]

## WANTED.

**WELL-KNOWN FIRM** in Montreal (Canada), having first-class connection among Canadian Buyers and Importers of Tea, desires AGENCY of First-Class Firm of Export Merchants shipping Tea and other Chinese produce. Must be able to supply samples, and quote competitive prices. Strictly Commission basis. Apply in first instance to: "MONTREAL".  
Care of "Daily Press" Office. [945]

## WANTED.

**THE Services of NURSE or good travelling AMAH for Children in return for first-class passage to England.**  
Apply to—  
"C."  
Care of "Daily Press" Office.  
Hongkong, 7th September, 1915. [944]

## WANTED.

**JAPANESE**, 31 years of age, Married, seeks position as General Work Assistant or Bookkeeper. Experience on Accounting Staff of Bank and as Clerk of Shipyard. Full investigation courted. Salary to be settled after trial.  
Write—  
O. SAKAI,  
No. 11, D'Aguiar Street.  
Hongkong, 18th August, 1915. [871]

## FOR SALE.

**PACIFIC MAIL S.S. Co.'s GODOWNS**, Nos. 1 and 2, connected by covered alleyway—located on Section B Marine Lot No. 243, Kennedy Town, Crown Rent \$180.00 per annum, together with permanent STEEL PIER opposite Godowns, and upon which the Crown Rent is \$200.00 per annum.

**STEAM LAUNCH "AMERICA"**, in first class condition, having been stripped and thoroughly overhauled in 1914.

For further information apply to—  
R. C. MORTON,  
Agent.  
Hongkong, 24th August, 1915. [1888]

**GIVE YOUR RAZOR A NEW LEASE OF LIFE.**  
Remember we do all kinds of grinding and edge making. We sharpen Clippers, Shears, Scissors, Pocket Knives, Surgical Instruments, etc.

**WE SHARPEN EVERYTHING.**  
CAMPBELL, MOORE & Co., Ltd.  
Hongkong, 22nd July, 1915. [987]

## INTIMATIONS

## HONGKONG GYMKHANA CLUB.

**THE FOURTH GYMKHANA MEETING** of the Season will be held at HAPPY VALLEY TO-DAY (SATURDAY), the 11th September, 1915, commencing at 3.30 p.m. The Charge of Admission will be \$1 for others than Members of the HONGKONG JOCKEY CLUB or GYMKHANA CLUB.  
Soldiers and Sailors in uniform Half-Price.  
The Committee invite the Ladies of Hongkong to be present.  
Hongkong, 8th September, 1915. [969]

## THE SHANGHAI BUILDING AND INVESTMENT CO., LTD.

**NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN** that SHARE CERTIFICATE No. 32 in the name of CHEUNG TAIKUN CHAI (張祥之) late of 41, Connaught Road, Hongkong, for Forty (40) Partially Paid Up Shares Nos. 1701 to 1740 in this Company, has been declared to be LOST, and the public are warned against negotiating same.

In the event of the above-mentioned Certificate not being recovered on or before the 11th September, 1915, a new Certificate will be issued, and the above-mentioned Certificate will be cancelled forthwith.

By Order of the Directors,  
J. A. WATTE & Co., Ltd.,  
Secretaries and General Managers. [897]

## HONGKONG COTTON SPINNING, WEAVING &amp; DYEING CO., LTD.

(In Vol. Liquidation).

**NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN** to all persons who were Shareholders in the above Company on 26th October, 1914, and who have not yet applied for the corresponding allotment of shares in the YANOSZEPPOO Cotton Mills, Ltd., Shanghai, to which they were entitled under an Agreement dated 26th October, 1914, that unless application for an allotment is made to me on or before 17th September, 1915, the said shares will be sold without further notice.

C. BERNARD BROWN,  
Liquidator,  
Alexandra Buildings,  
HONGKONG.  
Hongkong, 3rd September, 1915. [931]

## THE ROYAL HONGKONG YACHT CLUB.

## NOTICE OF EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETINGS.

**NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN** that an EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the ROYAL HONGKONG YACHT CLUB will be held at the Club House, North Point, Hongkong, on MONDAY, the 13th day of September, 1915, at 3.30 o'clock in the afternoon, when the following Resolutions will be proposed as Extraordinary Resolutions:—

1. That it is not for the comfort or convenience of the Members of the Club as a whole, or of the Subscribers or Visitors thereto, that any Member who is the subject of a Nation between which and Great Britain a state of war exists should continue to be a Member of the Club.

2. That the Articles of Association be accordingly altered by the insertion of the following additional paragraph at the end of Article XXXII, namely:—  
"Any Member who is the subject of a Nation between which and Great Britain a state of war exists shall, ipso facto, cease to be a Member of the Club and shall no longer be entitled to any of the privileges of the Club."

And Notice is hereby also given that a Further Extraordinary General Meeting of the above Club will be held at the Club House aforesaid, on MONDAY, the 4th day of October, 1915, at 5.30 o'clock in the afternoon, for the purpose of receiving a report of the proceedings at the above-mentioned Extraordinary General Meeting of the 13th day of September, 1915, and of confirming, if thought fit, as special resolutions, the above-mentioned resolutions.

Dated the 2nd day of September, 1915.  
By Order of the General Committee,  
REGINALD BROWN,  
Hon. Secretary.

**THE ROYAL HONGKONG YACHT CLUB.**  
NOTE.—If the proposed alteration in the Articles, as above, is made, the immediate effect will be that any present Member who is the subject of a Nation now at war with Great Britain will, ipso facto, cease to be a Member as from the date of such alteration. [929]

## DRINK

## ALLSOPP'S

## BRITISH PILSENER

## BEER.

## SOLE AGENTS:

## CALDBECK,

## MACGREGOR &amp; Co.

## WINE &amp; SPIRIT MERCHANTS.

15 QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL.

## HOUSES TO LET.

## TO LET.

**NO. 171, MAGDALENE TERRACE.**  
The Peak, Nos. 1 and 6, TORREES BUILDINGS, Kowloon. Moderate rent. Ready for occupation.

Apply to—  
SPANISH DOMINICAN PROCUSSION.  
Hongkong, 10th September, 1915. [893]

## TO LET.

**THE Premises No. 88, SHAMSHIN B.C., Canton, comprising DWELLING HOUSE, GODOWNS AND OUTHOUSES** lately occupied by Messrs. F. BLACKHEAD & Co.  
Apply to—  
DAVID SASSOON & Co., Ltd.  
Hongkong, 24th August, 1915. [891]

## TO LET.

**NORMAN COTTAGE, No. 2, Peak Road, 4 GOOD ROOMS.** Immediate possession.  
Apply—  
PERCY SMITH, SETH & FLEMING.  
Hongkong, 20th August, 1915. [875]

## TO LET.

**HARPERVILLE, Garden Road, SEVEN ROOMS, Very Large Dining Room, immediate possession, house in excellent order** Tennis Court and Garden.  
Apply—  
PERCY SMITH, SETH & FLEMING.  
Hongkong, 20th August, 1915. [876]

## TO LET.

**FROM 1st September next, desirable SIX and EIGHT ROOMED Residences in Broadwood and Wong-Nel-Chong Roads, the latter commanding a Fine View of the Race Course.**  
For terms and particulars, apply to—  
THE HONGKONG LAND INVESTMENT & AGENCY Co., Ltd.  
Hongkong, 18th July, 1915. [787]

## NOTICE.

**TO LET—A HOUSE** at Observatory Villa, Kowloon.  
Apply to—  
ARRATTON V. APCAR & Co.  
Hongkong, 6th July, 1915. [739]

## TO LET.

**WHOLE or PART SHOP** in Chater Road.  
Apply—  
OLARK & Co.,  
Opticians.  
Hongkong, 29th June, 1915. [705]

## TO LET.

**OFFICES** in St. George's BUILDING, Second Floor, overlooking Harbour. Immediate possession.  
Apply to—  
SHIRWAN, TOMES & Co.  
Hongkong, 3rd December, 1914. [739]

## TO LET.

**A HOUSE** in Knutsford Terrace, Kowloon.  
Apply—  
THE HONGKONG LAND INVESTMENT & AGENCY Co., Ltd.  
Hongkong, 1st March, 1915. [46]

## TO LET.

**FOUR-ROOMED FLATS** in Haroi Road, Kowloon. Immediate possession; and **FOUR-ROOMED FLATS** in May Road, Hongkong, with possession on or about 15th October next. English Baths and Kitchen Ranges, Hot and Cold Water, Electric Light. First Class Modern Appointments throughout, including Water Carriage System.

**FOUR-ROOMED HOUSES** in Gordon Terrace and Salisbury Avenue, Kowloon. **FLATS** in Nathan Road, Kowloon. **A FLAT** in Humphrey's Buildings, Kowloon. **LAN MOR, 16, Peak Road, 7-ROOMED HOUSE**, possession November 15th.

Apply—  
HUMPHREYS ESTATE & FINANCE Co., Ltd.,  
Alexandra Buildings,  
Hongkong, 6th September, 1915. [858]

## TO LET.

**FROM 1st October next, OFFICES** at 2, Connaught Road, at present in the occupation of Messrs. Denny & Bowley. **HOUSES** in CLIFTON GARDENS, Connaught Road.

**OFFICES**, facing the Harbour between the Hongkong Club and Post Office. **59, THE PEAK "THE RETREAT"** 21, WONG-NEL-CHONG ROAD. **GODOWNS**, New Fraya, Kennedy Town. **GODOWNS**, at Wanchai Road.

Apply, etc.,  
THE HONGKONG LAND INVESTMENT & AGENCY Co., Ltd.  
Hongkong, 1st August, 1915. [38]



**ANY EUROPEAN**, Non-Asiatic or Indian desiring to leave the Colony should apply in writing for permission to do so to the Captain SUPERINTENDENT OF POLICE, at least 48 hours before the intended hour of departure, giving name, nationality, age, sex, height and occupation of the applicant, and stating the name of the steamer or other vessel or the hour of the train by which the applicant wishes to leave. Applicants should apply in person for their papers at the CENTRAL POLICE STATION between the hours of 9 A.M. to 1 P.M. and 2 P.M. to 4 P.M. daily.  
Hongkong, 10th July, 1915. [738]

## INTIMATION



## WATSON'S STONE GINGER-BEER.

The only fermented Stone Ginger-Beer in the Far East.

The real charm of Stone Ginger-Beer is the flavour produced by partial fermentation; without this no Stone Ginger-Beer can be said to be genuine.

90 CENTS PER DOZ.



## A. S. WATSON &amp; CO., LTD.

STERILIZED WATER MANUFACTURERS.

HONGKONG OFFICE: 10A, DES VOEUX ROAD C.  
LONDON OFFICE: 161, FLEET STREET, E.C.

## The Daily Press.

HONGKONG, SEPTEMBER 11TH, 1915.

## RUSSIA'S PART IN THE WAR.

APART from the Tsar's acknowledged qualifications for taking supreme command of his armies in the field, the presence of His MAJESTY at the Front as Commander-in-Chief will unquestionably be a tremendous inspiration to the troops at a stage in the war when such inspiration is probably needed, for it requires special gifts of imagination to realise that the experiences of the Russian Army during the past few months must have had a disheartening effect on the men. There is, however, no indication that the change implies any condemnation of the GRAND DUKE NICHOLAS whose masterly control of the armies in the field has won the admiration of friend and foe alike. When the history of the war comes to be written by the impartial historian it is fairly certain that the setback which the Russian armies have suffered in the last six months will not be attributed to incapacity on the part of the GRAND DUKE as a military commander. The Rescript of the Tsar generously expresses profound gratitude to the GRAND DUKE for his services in the war, commends him for proving steadfast under the eyes of the whole of Russia, and speaks of his bravery as inspiring the profound confidence and the good wishes of all. Notwithstanding this, the Tsar has deemed it desirable now to assume the supreme command himself. When we bear in mind the extreme veneration of the Russian people for their sovereign, we cannot doubt the wisdom of the step that has been taken. The Tsar's assumption of the supreme command will give new zest and strength to the armies for the fight now that decisive battles must be fought in many sectors of the long front; and the great Russian success on the Sarath, synchronising as it does with this change in the supreme command, will doubtless also serve to strengthen the faith and hopes of the whole Russian nation as well as the armies in the field in ultimate victory.

The Russian retreat has generally been regarded as due to a lack of equipment, which is true enough, but it is doubtful if this adequately explains what has happened. It is, indeed, not difficult to agree with the view that a connection possibly exists between the Russian retreat from the Carpathians and out of Galicia, and the deadlock on the Western front. It will not be doubted that when the Russians at heavy cost made their unseasonable advance over the crests of the Carpathians, before the winter snows had melted, they had thought out the Continental bearings of their movement. As one military commentator has put it: "They can hardly have supposed that the Germans would allow them to debouch on the Hungarian plains without a tremendous effort to arrest them. They may not have foreseen that the Germans, like the good classical strategists that they are, would find the weak link in their line above the Carpathians on its river front facing west. But some big effort to oppose them they must have expected, for a successful over-running of Hungary would be for the Central Powers the beginning of the end. Why did they underestimate the German effort?" The writer answered his own question by saying that it seems probable that the Russians counted on the Western Allies for some much bigger offensive in France than proved to be feasible. "Their calculation," he said "may have been that the British armies would be in France by February and by the beginning of May might be undertaking a resolute offensive. If a million of these new levies had been formed into a British 'phalanx' between Ypres and Arras, ready for a supreme effort to break the German line, and if the French had had a complete success in their new offensive, we hardly suppose the MACKENSEN-LINSINGEN 'phalanx' could have been spared to break the Russian lines." The suggestion is certainly a reasonable one, and if we may judge from the public utterances of several members of the British Cabinet last winter, the British Government was certainly counting on the great offensive on the Western front being undertaken in the Spring.

Those expectations as everybody knows, yet remain unfulfilled, but the continuous bombardment by the Allies on the Western front which has now been in progress for more than a fortnight leads us to expect any day now the news that the great offensive has begun. We interpret the message of the Tsar to the PRESIDENT of France in which his Majesty conveyed his wishes "for the greatness of France and the victory of her glorious army" as another indication that a development of the situation on the Western front is immediately impending, and the time chosen by the Tsar for taking over the supreme command of his armies may not unlikely have been determined by the confidential reports received by him from the Western arena of the war. There can be no doubt that the commencement of the Western offensive on the heels of the change in the supreme command of the Russian Army and the recent great success along the river Sarath, would have an inestimable influence upon the spirit of the Russian Army. The simple fact of the Tsar himself taking supreme command of his armies at the front is one of great and gratifying significance. It is a most signal proof of his MAJESTY's confidence in victory, and, as the leading Russian newspaper declares, his Majesty's action definitely "scatters the dust of German hopes of peace" except on the basis of the final and complete victory of Russian arms.

Mails for Europe via Siberia close to-day at 10 a.m. and at 5 p.m.

The fourth Gymkhana of the season takes place at the Race Course this afternoon, commencing at 3.30 p.m.

A diagram was laid on the table of the Legislative Council yesterday showing the progress made to 30th June on the low level dam under construction at Tytam Tuk in connection with the waterworks extension.

It will be seen from this week's Subscription List that a further sum of £3,000 was remitted to the Prince of Wales' Fund from Hongkong on the 3rd inst. This brings the total amount remitted to £229,000 (\$323,605.84).

It appears from a comparative statement of the rainfall for the year 1914, given in the annual report of the Director of Public Works, that Tai-po had 18 more inches of rain than the fall recorded at the Kowloon Observatory. At Pokfulam Reservoir 10 inches more rain were registered during the year than at the Kowloon Observatory.

A Chinese who had been in the employ of the Naval Department for no fewer than 19 years was sentenced to a week's imprisonment at the Magistracy yesterday for theft of a quantity of canvas.

An exceedingly interesting monograph on the Educational System of Hongkong, by Mr. E. A. Irving, Director of Education, was laid on the table of the Legislative Council yesterday in the form of a blue-book.

Mr. T. Jones, the Chief Officer of the Tang Shan, giving evidence against a Chinese at the Magistracy yesterday on a larceny charge, said that theft of ship's fittings was a frequent occurrence. The defendant was fined \$10, and ordered to be imprisoned for a fortnight in default.

In memory of Captain G. Rabier, Captain Superintendent of the French Police at Shanghai, who was recently killed in action in France, a funeral service was held at St. Joseph's Church, Rue Montauban, on the 4th inst. The service was of a most impressive nature, and the "Absoute" was given by Bishop Paris. There was a very large attendance, amongst those present being representatives of the French Consular staff and French Municipal Council, the Consuls of the allied nations, Mr. E. C. Pearce (Chairman of the Municipal Council), Mr. R. J. McEuen (Captain-Superintendent of Police) and others. The church was suitably decorated with French flags, with black hangings, and a body of Annamite soldiers was posted at the entrance.

## OFIUM STOCKS IN HONGKONG.

## CHINESE NEGOTIATING TO PURCHASE THEM.

Messrs. S. D. Sethna & Co., of Hongkong, in their fortnightly circular, state:—

"A company is formed in Canton for the purchase of the whole of the existing stock of opium now lying in the Colony, and they are at present negotiating with the Hongkong Opium Combine. The Company desires to clear the whole of the present stock within 19 months. The matter has been telegraphed to the Bombay Opium Combine and the result is awaited."

The unsold stock amounts to about 611 chests of Bengal opium and about 478 chests of Malwa Opium.

## CORRESPONDENCE.

## HONGKONG DOLLARS.

[TO THE EDITOR OF THE "HONGKONG DAILY PRESS."]

SIR,—Your articles re Currency Reform of the Colony are interesting. Allow me to point out that Indian Government are able to keep up the value of the Rupee at one shilling four pence because Rupees are coined by the Indian Government only, and the Secretary of State sells Rupees weekly to the highest tenderors, while here the case is quite different. The silver fluctuates, so anybody can coin Hongkong dollars in Indian mints and throw the cheaply-purchased dollars into this Colony, and in exchange can export goods or can buy drafts on India or London, whenever it suits him. Whenever the trade of the Colony is bed these extra coined dollars will remain at discount. Why do bankers not take these Hongkong dollars in? Because they know all about it. Please make enquiry about this free coining of Hongkong dollars and if it be true I believe you will be in a position to write something about this.—Yours faithfully,  
A. B. AVASIA.

## CHINESE EXTRADITION CASE.

At the Magistracy yesterday the hearing of the extradition case in which the surrender of Hung Shiu Lun is applied for by the Chinese Government was resumed.

Mr. E. H. Sharp, K.C., for the Crown, dealing with points of law at issue, said the establishment of a *prima facie* case would oblige his Worship to commit the man. The Magistrate had to commit if the evidence before him were such as to justify commitment for trial if the offence had taken place in the Colony. He should not weigh or balance conflicting evidence to decide which side preponderated. The magistrate's function was not to try the case; that must be done in China. He could only refuse to commit. Had the crime taken place in the Colony, the accused, on the evidence, would have to be acquitted. That was the only way in which he could refuse to commit. The case was adjourned.

## TYPHOON WARNING.

The telegram quoted below was received at the American Consulate-General, Hongkong, from the Manila Observatory at 1 p.m. yesterday:—  
Cyclone or typhoon over N. China Sea moving S.W.  
Cyclone or typhoon N. of the Ladrones of Mariana Islands, direction unknown.



# THE WAR.

## GREAT RUSSIAN OFFENSIVE.

### FURIOUS ATTACKS ON WHOLE FRONT.

### AMERICA DEMANDS RECALL OF AUSTRIAN MINISTER.

### WAR AT CLOSE QUARTERS.

### LONDONERS' INDIFFERENCE TO ZEPPELINS.

### ANOTHER GERMAN AIRSHIP LOST.

### BRILLIANT SPEECHES BY MUNITIONS MINISTER.

#### RUSSIAN FRONT.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

#### GREAT RUSSIAN COUNTER-ATTACKS.

##### DESPERATE FIGHTING ALONG WHOLE FRONT.

LONDON, September 10th. The energy of the Russian counter-attacks along the whole front is admitted in a German communiqué. The desperate nature of the fighting is attested to by a Petrograd communiqué, which, after mentioning that the situation is practically unchanged in the Riga region, says that the Germans between the river Lantze and Jacobstadt were unable to withstand furious Russian bayonet counter-attacks. The object of the enemy's offensive in this region is apparently to drive the Russians from the right bank of the Dvina. Further south, on the Vilna roads, where the position is generally stationary, the enemy is entrenching vigorously.

The Russian communiqué states that south-east of Gredno, towards Skidel, and along the left bank of the Niemen, Russian troops on Wednesday, by a series of fierce actions aimed solely at inflicting the heaviest possible losses, succeeded in checking the enemy's offensive. The communiqué says that the Russians continue their retirement in perfect order in conformity with the general plan, making successful counter-attacks from time to time. Thus near Kokhoro, west of Skidel, the Germans fled before the counter-attacks of the Russians.

Between the Niemen and the Pripiet rivers the Russians are retiring towards the district between the river Zelivanka and the town of Rujany.

A vigorous offensive by enemy infantry and cavalry along the left bank of the Pripiet towards the Pinsk marshes was arrested, and a similar result was achieved on the roads to Kovno, where the Russians are stubbornly holding their positions on the Upper Stubei and Ikva rivers under a very fierce artillery fire.

The communiqué, referring to the Sereth successes, says that the Russian Armies are firmly and resolutely carrying out a movement in conformity with the general plan, and contemplate the future with confidence, relying on their faithful Ally, the French Army, which for a fortnight has been bombarding the German front with terrible effect.

#### PRESS TRIBUTES TO THE GRAND DUKE NICHOLAS.

LONDON, September 9th. The *Novoe Vremya* (Petrograd) commenting on the Tsar's assumption of the supreme command of the Army in the field, says that His Majesty's action shatters the dust of German hopes of peace. There is no illusion possible regarding the Russians laying down their arms before final victory is secured.

The Journal movingly pays a tribute to the Grand Duke Nicholas, who, it says, has inspired the Army with a deep affection and boundless confidence. His name will live for ever in the hearts of all Russian soldiers.

The English newspapers also express their heartfelt gratitude for the Grand Duke's great services.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

#### GERMAN ADMISSION OF RUSSIAN SUCCESS.

LONDON, September 9th. A German communiqué indirectly admits the Russian success in Tarnopol, when it says:—"The Russian advance near Tarnopol is now checked."

#### THE TARNOPOL VICTORY.

##### FRENCH SATISFACTION AND GERMAN ANXIETY.

PARIS, September 9th. There is great satisfaction in official quarters over the victory at Tarnopol and it is regarded as an excellent augury of the future development of Russian operations.

Surprise and anxiety prevail in Berlin at the Russian resistance in East Galicia. The Germans fear that they will be unable to bring the Turks any assistance in time to be of any use.

##### ENEMY'S BRUTALITY.

PARIS, September 9th. The German brutality in Poland is causing the liveliest discontent among the inhabitants.

#### FRANCO-BELGIAN FRONT.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

#### INCESSANT BOMBARDMENT.

##### DESPERATE BATTLE WITH CROWN PRINCE'S ARMY.

PARIS, September 9th. Besides the continuation of the bombardment of German positions on many sectors the feature of to-day's communiqué is the violent fighting against the Crown Prince in Argonne. The battle was especially desperate the whole night long at Fontaine-aux-Charmes, the Germans renewing their attacks with great persistence, but the French line, with the exception of a portion of one trench, was everywhere maintained. We made prisoners.

PARIS, September 10th.

Last night's communiqué says:—"The artillery duel continues around Arras, in the region of Roye, Woivre, Champagne and Argonne."

The enemy attacks in Argonne have not been renewed.

#### BULLETIN FROM SIR JOHN FRENCH.

LONDON, September 10th. Field-Marshal Sir John French in a bulletin states that since August 30th there had been some mining and also artillery activity eastward of Ypres, and two German aeroplanes had been felled.

#### AIRSHIP ACTIVITY.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

#### FRENCH AIR-RAID.

PARIS, September 9th.

A communiqué says:—"French aeroplanes dropped fifty bombs on the Challenger station, and a French dirigible attacked the station and factories of Neale."

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

#### THE LATEST ZEPPELIN RAID.

##### THE COMPLETE CASUALTY LIST.

LONDON, September 9th. The Press Bureau announces that the total casualties in all areas of last night's Zeppelin raids on the Eastern coast and the London district are as follows:—

	Men.	Women.	Children.
Killed .....	12	2	6
Seriously injured .....	8	4	2
Slightly injured .....	38	23	11
	58	29	19

All were civilians, with the exception of one soldier, who was killed, and three who were injured.

AMSTERDAM, September 9th.

A Berlin Admiralty communiqué says:—

Our naval airships last night attacked, with good results, the West City of London (sic), some great factories near Norwich, and also the harbour works and iron works at Middlesbrough. There were heavy explosions, and numerous fires were observed. The airships, though heavily bombarded, all returned safely.

#### LONDONERS' FIRST GLIMPSE OF WAR AT CLOSE QUARTERS.

LONDON, September 10th. Last night's Zeppelin visit is described in a leading article in the *Pall Mall Gazette* as a first glimpse of the war at close quarters.

The *Evening Standard* commends the people of London for their coolness everywhere, but says there was a dangerous disposition to regard the affair as a spectacle, whereas the Zeppelin, within its limits, is a terrible instrument of war.

#### ANOTHER ZEPPELIN DESTROYED.

LONDON, September 10th. A telegram from Amsterdam says that a Zeppelin left Brussels and proceeded in the direction of Antwerp or Tuesday evening. It returned on Wednesday morning, and while over Stockel, near Brussels, the airship lost a propeller and fell on a house. The Zeppelin was entirely destroyed by the ensuing explosion, and the crew were killed.

#### GENERAL.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

#### AMERICA DEMANDS RECALL OF AUSTRIAN ENVOY.

##### SEQUEL TO DISHONOURABLE INTRIGUES.

WASHINGTON, September 10th. The American Ambassador at Vienna has been instructed by cable to inform the Austrian Government that Dr. Dumba, the Austrian Ambassador to Washington, is no longer acceptable as Envoy to the United States and to ask for his recall.

America was recently greatly angered at Dr. Dumba's attempts to induce strikes by Austrians in munitions works, and at other acts regarded as an interference with the internal affairs of the country.

#### BRITISH EXPORT OF CLOTH.

##### FAR-REACHING NEW REGULATIONS.

LONDON, September 9th. The *Daily Telegraph* says that the Lancashire cotton trade has received new regulations from the Board of Trade which require a certificate concerning every yard of cloth exported except to the Colonies, in order that such may not reach enemy hands. The authorities are convinced that Lancashire cloth, which was apparently unsuitable for aircraft, had been obtained by our enemies through neutrals and had been treated so as to make it suitable for aircraft.

As the exports of cloth amount to £100,000,000 annually the wide scope of the new regulations is imaginable.

#### BRITISH REAR-ADMIRAL WOUNDED.

LONDON, September 10th. The Admiralty announces that Rear-Admiral A. H. Christian, M.V.O., has been slightly wounded.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

#### A MAGNIFICENT BRITON.

##### OFFICER'S WONDERFUL BRAVERY IN GALLIOLI.

LONDON, September 9th.

The Victoria Cross has been awarded to Lieut. W. T. FORSHAW (Manchester Territorials), for conspicuous bravery and determination in Gallipoli from the 7th to the 9th August.

When holding the north-west corner of "The Vineyard" he was attacked and heavily bombed by the Turks, who advanced time after time by three trenches which converged at this point, but he held his own, not only exposing himself with the utmost disregard of danger, but personally throwing bombs continuously for 14 hours. When his detachment was relieved, after 24 hours' service, he volunteered to continue the direction of operations. On three occasions in the next night he was heavily re-attacked. Once the Turks got over the barricade, but after shooting three with his revolver he led his men forward and re-captured it. When he rejoined his battalion he was sickened by fumes from the bombs and badly bruised by a fragment of shrapnel, and could barely lift his arm from continuous bomb-throwing. It was due to his personal example of magnificent courage and endurance that this very important corner was held.

#### THE SITUATION IN PERSIA.

##### PERSIA EXPRESSES REGRET TO GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, September 10th.

Reuter's Agency learns that the Government of Persia has expressed great regret both to the British Minister at Tehran, and to the Foreign Office through the Minister in London, for the attack on the British Consul-General stationed at Isfahan. The Persian Government has promised full reparation and to do its utmost to apprehend the culprit. It has also offered the Consul-General a gendarmier guard.

Reuter's Agency learns from a foreign diplomatic source that the affair rendered critical a situation already serious.

#### THE AMERICAN CROPS.

##### REPORT BETTER THAN ANTICIPATED.

LONDON, September 9th.

The American Government crop report is better than was anticipated. It is estimated that wheat will amount to 981 millions of bushels, as compared with 891 millions bushels last year; corn 2,935 millions, as compared with 2,672 millions; oats 1,408 millions as compared with 1,141 millions; and hay 81 millions, as compared with 70 millions.

#### ANGLO-GERMAN NEGOTIATIONS OF 1912.

##### FURTHER "LIGHT" ON THE SUBJECT.

AMSTERDAM, September 9th.

Another long statement published in the semi-official organ *Norddeutsche Zeitung* on Lord Haldane's mission and the Anglo-German negotiations in 1912 is remarkable for a sentence illuminating Germany's designs. In summing up the failure of the negotiations it says:—"Great Britain declined Germany's far-reaching offers, previous to the outbreak of war, which would have rendered it possible for her to hold aloof from the war without prejudicing her interests."

The statement also reveals that Sir Edward Grey rejected the proposed Neutrality Treaty because it was tantamount to an Alliance, going further than any Treaty Great Britain had concluded with any European Power, except the old Portuguese Treaty of Alliance.

The *Norddeutsche* says that this might be true, but that Sir Edward Grey overlooked the fact that the equivalent which Germany had offered was unprecedented in history.

#### THE BRITISH ASSOCIATION.

LONDON, September 10th.

Sir Arthur Evans, of Oxford, has been chosen as the new President of the British Association.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

#### THE MUNITIONS QUESTION.

##### MR. LLOYD GEORGE ASKS FOR MORE MEN.

LONDON, September 9th.

Mr. Lloyd George, addressing the Trades Union Congress, emphasised the fact that Britain is making a prodigious effort to increase the output of war materials. He asked the Congress to assist to the utmost, and declared that he required 80,000 more skilled mechanics, besides 200,000 unskilled men and women. Organised labour must suspend its restrictions in regard to the employment of unskilled labour and any other regulations hampering the increase of the output. This might make the difference between victory and defeat. There must also be no stoppages during the war.

#### LACK OF SKILLED WORKERS.

##### MR. LLOYD GEORGE'S COUNSEL TO TRADES UNIONISTS.

LONDON, September 10th.

The Trades Union Congress has passed a resolution approving the Parliamentary Labour Party co-operating in the National Recruiting Campaign.

Mr. Lloyd George, who received an ovation at the gathering, said the Trades Unionists represented one of the most powerful forces of the country. "With you," he said, "victory is assured; without you the cause is lost. Yesterday you pledged yourselves to assist the government in the successful prosecution of the war. (Cheers.)"

"The Government desires your aid. The Russians have been driven back for lack of war material. Inadequate material meant defeat; sufficient material meant victory."

Field-Marshal Sir John French recently told him that he had never witnessed troops more contemptuous of death. He was to ask Trades Unionists to back them up. We had established sixteen national arsenals and were constructing eleven more. It was almost entirely a labour problem. Trades Unionists alone could assist. Our machinery was not yet working night and day. If it employed every skilled worker even then we should not have too much labour. He believed that if the Trades Unionists ceased to place certain restrictions on output in some places it would be increased by 20 per cent. and in others by 200 per cent. The Government intended, owing to the lack of skilled workers, to give the unskilled workers work which they could do, reserving for mechanics the highly skilled work.

Mr. Lloyd George referred to a circular issued at Coventry which made a deliberate attempt to restrict the output of guns. He asked if anyone defended such action? (Loud cries of "No.") He affirmed that he knew they wouldn't. (Ch.)

Even Belgians had been invited not to work to their full strength, although Belgium had been ravished and her women dishonoured.

Mr. Lloyd George called upon the workmen to fearlessly and courageously declare that they would in no way hamper their native land, which was fighting for its life. "Let them share in the greatest victory ever achieved." (Cheers.)

The Congress passed a cordial vote of thanks to Mr. Lloyd George.

#### TRADES UNION CONGRESS.

##### REPUDIATION OF DISLOYAL INTRIGUES.

LONDON, September 9th.

At a meeting of the Socialist National Defence Committee, held at Bristol, a resolution was passed repudiating the disloyal intrigues of a small and unrepresentative group of schemers and pacifist fanatics and protesting against the ratification of any terms of peace which failed to restore the freedom of Belgium, Northern France, Alsace-Lorraine and Poland.

Mr. John Lodge, M.P., who presided, said that Mr. Ramsey MacDonald, who had fallen sadly from his high estate, had declared recently that, despite anything and everybody, a deputation would be sent to the International Socialist Conference on the Continent. Mr. Lodge declared:—"We Trade Unionists must clear such gentry out of the Labour Party."

#### PEKING NOTES.

[FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.]

PEKING, August 1st.

#### EDUCATIONAL.

The conference of presidents and teachers of Normal Schools has concluded, and these educationalists have now returned to their respective spheres of labour to carry into practice as far as possible the excellent ideas discussed during the session. Before their departure from Peking they had an audience with the President, who delivered an instructive speech in which he emphasised the necessity for a uniform system of education and the need for studying national characteristics in formulating such a system. Doubtless he meant that a method of Chinese national education should be devised and not be copied *en bloc* from the Occident, and, if this be so, the President will have given one more proof of his unerring appreciation of what the country really needs.

#### CINEMA ENTERPRISE.

These people who prate about German influence in China might reconsider their views had they visited a Chinese open-air cinematograph exhibition in the Central Park, as I did this week. Foreign films were shown, and among the number was one illustrating the ships of all nations, concluding with the representation of Britannia, the mistress of the seas! German friends will have to get busy if they are to dispel this belief in the Chinese mind.

#### PEKING VOLUNTEERS.

The British Volunteers have commenced work again after the summer heat, but their numbers have been slightly reduced owing to transfers and to departures for the front. The company is striving for increased efficiency all the time, and should certainly prove a very creditable addition to the British forces in North China in due course. Many of their number hope to participate in the camp of instruction which is being held at Huangtsin this month for the Indian detachment.

#### PERSONAL.

Mr. Hioki, the Japanese Minister, left on Monday for a holiday in his native land, but no great surprise would be occasioned if he did not return to Peking, as there is a feeling in Japan that Japanese diplomacy has been a signal failure in China, an accusation which is more politically inspired than actually true.

Mr. H. C. Adams has returned to Peking in order to proceed further with the work of unification of the railway accounts, an undertaking which should do much to remove the "inconvenience" occasioned by having so many different national systems operating on the several railways built by foreign contractors.

Mr. J. W. Fenton, a popular British resident of Peking, left yesterday for home on vacation leave, and though he is over military age he hopes to be given the opportunity of "doing his bit" with the British Force "somewhere in France." Congratulations are being extended to Dr. and Mrs. Morrison on the birth of a son (the second) last week.

Prof. Goodnow leaves to-day for America, travelling *en route* Korea.

#### THE ROLES REVERSED.

##### BAVARIAN CROWN PRINCE ON ALLIES' STRENGTH.

A Press correspondent in Northern France a month ago wrote: "I am able to-day to record a prophetic statement made recently by the Crown Prince Rupprecht of Bavaria in conversation with a member of the Reichstag who was visiting the German lines in Artois. I can vouch for this story as authentic."

After admitting the importance of the successes gained in the north of France, the Prince said:—"I must confess I am no longer an optimist. It will take some time before the Allies seriously affect our positions in France, but the roles are undoubtedly reversed. The enemy's strength and resources are now too well organised, and he is in a position to hold the balance in his favour."

"It must be obvious to our best friends that we are utilising the maximum of our resources, while the enemy, in a much improved position, has still important reserves to draw upon. The New British Army has had a long training, and is presumably an efficient fighting machine."

#### KWANGTUNG FLOOD RELIEF FUND.

The Tung Wa Hospital begs to acknowledge with thanks the following donations to the Kwangtung Flood Relief Fund:—

Per Mr. Kwong Chuk Shan from the Chinese Society Borneo, West Australia £40.12.6	445.86
Wah Kew Ke. Ho Yee of Bahk Papan, East Borneo, 480	
guiders .....	442.27
Per Kwangtung Society of Hanoi the Chinese merchants Guild hall of Sun Kwong .....	100.00
Per Kwangtung Society of the Yau Shi Street of Leungshan .....	20.50
Per Kwangtung Society of Hanoi from Mr. Ka Lam Tsui .....	20.00
Compradore staff of Hongkong and Shanghai Bank .....	57.90
Already acknowledged .....	520,222.35
Total .....	871,268.98











## SHIPPING

## ARRIVALS.

CHEIAN MARU, Japanese str., 1,784, Maka, 10th September—Kishu Bay, Salt.—Order.

IXION, British str., 1,022, G. L. Stout, 10th September—Kutchinotzu 7th September, General.—Order.

KUMOHOW, British str., from Canton.

MANAPOUR, British str., 1,238, Maxwell, 10th September—Mojoi 4th September, Coal.—Order.

NISHO MARU, Japanese str., 842, Y. Nakano, 9th September—Swatow 8th September—Doddwell & Co.

PAUL LECAT, French str., 1,234, Cousey, 10th September—Saigon, 6th September, General.—M. M.

SELUN, Norwegian str., 865, D. Hovbrender, 9th September—Bangkok 2nd September, Rice—Thoresen & Co.

SZCHUEN, British str., Caine, 10th September—Shanghai 5th September, General.—Butterfield & Swire.

TEAN, British str., 1,250, H. Trowbridge, 10th September—Manila 7th September, General.—Butterfield & Swire.

TONGHIAN, Chinese str., from Canton.

WAKAMATSU MARU, Japanese str., 1,772, Yamakata, 10th September—Wakamatsu 5th September, Coal—Mitsui Bussan Kaisha.

YINCHOW, British str., 1,228, Jones, 10th September—Shanghai 7th September, General.—Butterfield & Swire.

## CLEARANCES

IN THE HARBOUR MASTER'S OFFICE. September 10th.

TROGAS, British str., for Mojoi.

SZCHUEN, British str., for Canton.

YATHING, British str., for Mojoi.

HANOI, French str., for Haiphong.

## DEPARTURES.

September 10th.

ANYO MARU, Jap. str., for Japan.

ANNA, Norwegian str., for Bangkok.

HANGCHOW, British str., for Shanghai.

HAITAN, British str., for Swatow.

HELENS, British str., for Singapore.

LUCHOW, British str., for Canton.

SARDINIA, British str., for Singapore.

CHOUF MARU, Jap. str., for Binyth.

TARO MARU, Jap. str., for Hongay.

YACHING MARU, Jap. str., for Karatsu.

WINGSANG, British str., for Canton.

## SHIPPING REPORTS.

The British str. *Tean* reports: Moderate to fresh E.N.E. wind and sea squally.

The British str. *Szechuen* reports: Experienced very low barometer light easterly winds and heavy easterly swell.

## PASSENGERS.

ARRIVED.

Per *Tean*, from Manila, for Hongkong, Messrs. Ruez, E. N. Reno, L. H. Hoddes, S. A. Momean, Mrs. M. C. Butler and daughter.

## VESSELS EXPECTED.

THE ENGLISH MAIL.

The str. *Nankin* left Singapore for this port on the 7th instant, morning, with the outward English mails, and is due here on the 12th instant, at about 7 a.m.

## MERCHANT STEAMER.

The str. *Glenloch* is expected to arrive here from London to-day.

## INDO-CHINA LINE.

*Fooksang*, from Calcutta, is due in Hongkong to-day.

*Kumang*, from Calcutta, is due in Hongkong 17th September.

SHIRE LINE, LIMITED.

*Carnarvonshire*, from London, is due in Hongkong 20th September.

INDIA LINE, LIMITED.

*Saint Eibert*, from New York, is due in Hongkong 20th September.

AGENTS, FRANK WATERHOUSE & CO., SEATTLE.

*Unkai Maru*, from Mojoi, is due in Hongkong 20th September.

## LATEST STEAMER MOVEMENT.

The str. *Taiyuan* left Port Darwin for Hongkong via Philippine ports on 9th inst., and may be expected to arrive on or about 19th inst.

## VESSELS ON THE BERTH

REGULAR STEAMSHIP SERVICE.

PROPOSED SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG.

FOR NEW YORK, VIA PANAMA CANAL.

S.S. "MUNCASTER CASTLE,"

on or about 14th September.

FOR NEW YORK VIA SUEZ CANAL.

S.S. "PATHAN,"

on or about 25th September.

For Freight and further information, apply to—

DODWELL & Co., Ltd.,

Agents,

Hongkong, 2nd September, 1915.

FOR VANCOUVER AND SEATTLE.

THE S.S. "UNKAI MARU" will be

despatched on or about the 20th Sept.

For Freight please apply to

JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd.,

Agents,

Hongkong, 1st September, 1915. [921]

FOR BOSTON AND NEW YORK

VIA SUEZ CANAL.

THE S.S. "INDRAKUALA" will be

despatched for the above ports about the

beginning of October.

For Freight, passage and further particulars

apply to

JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd.,

Agents,

Hongkong, 2nd September, 1915. [923]

GLEN LINE (MCGREGOR, GOW

& Co.), LIMITED.

FOR GENOA, LONDON AND HULL.

THE Steamship.

"GLENIFFER."

Captain J. McGregor will be despatched for

the above ports on or about the 14th Oct., 1915.

For freight, passage and further information,

apply to

SHEWAN, TOMES & Co.,

Agents,

Hongkong, 7th September, 1915. [953]

## VESSELS ADVERTISED AS LOADING

To ascertain the anchorage of any Vessels, the Harbour has been divided into Four Sections commencing from Green Island. Vessels anchoring nearest Kowloon are marked "k," nearest Hongkong "h," midway between Hongkong and Kowloon "m," and those vessels berthed at the Kowloon Wharf "k.w." together with the number denoting the section.

## SECTIONS

1. From Green Island to the Harbour Master's. 2. From Harbour Master's to Blake Pier. 3. From Blake Pier to Naval Yard. 4. From Naval Yard to East Point.

DESTINATION	VESSEL'S NAME	FLAG & REG.	BERTH	CAPTAIN	FOR FREIGHT APPLY TO	TO BE DESPATCHED
LONDON & LEITH	BLOEMFONTEIN	Brit. str.	—	G. Manley	THE BANK LINE, LIMITED	On 17th inst.
LONDON & BOMBAY VIA USUAL PORTS OF CALL	NANKIN	Brit. str.	—	D. Asbury	P. & O. S. N. Co.	On 24th inst., at Noon.
LONDON VIA USUAL PORTS OF CALL	NORB	Brit. str.	—	Yamawaki	P. & O. S. N. Co.	About 8th Oct.
LONDON	MERIONETHSHIRE	Brit. str.	—	Yamawaki	JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., LD	beginning of Oct.
MARSHALLS LONDON & SINGAPORE, &c.	YASAKI MARU	Jap. str.	—	Yamawaki	NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA	On 23rd inst., at Noon.
MARSHALLS VIA PORTS	PAUL LECAT	French str.	—	T. Spruga Nagasaki	MESSAGERIES MARITIMES	On 2nd Oct., at 5 p.m.
VICTORIA & TACOMA VIA MANILA, KEELUNG, &c.	CANADA MARU	Jap. str.	—	—	OSAKA SHOSHUN KAISHA	On 13th inst., at 3 p.m.
VICTORIA, B.C., & SPATTER VIA KEELUNG &c.	TAKEDA MARU	Jap. str.	—	—	NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA	On 21st inst., at 4 p.m.
BOSTON & NEW YORK VIA SUEZ CANAL	INDRAKUALA	Brit. str.	—	—	JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., LD	Beginning of Oct.
NEW YORK VIA PANAMA CANAL	MUNCASTER CASTLE	Brit. str.	—	A. J. Hall	DODWELL & Co., LTD	About 14th Sept.
VANCOUVER VIA SHANGHAI, JAPAN, &c.	MONTAGUE	Brit. str.	—	—	CANADIAN PACIFIC R. Co.	To-day.
VANCOUVER & SEATTLE	UNKAI MARU	Brit. str.	—	—	JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., LD..	About 20th inst.
"VAN FRAN" VIA SHANGHAI & JAPAN, &c.	TEITO MARU	Jap. str.	—	E. Bent	TOYO KISEN KAISHA	On 14th inst., at Noon
SAN FRANCISCO VIA MANILA & JAPAN, &c.	NIPPON MARU	Jap. str.	—	A. G. Stevens	TOYO KISEN KAISHA	On 28th inst., at 10.30 A.M.
MEXICAN, PERUVIAN & CHILE PORTS VIA JAPAN	SEITO MARU	Jap. str.	—	—	TOYO KISEN KAISHA	On 10th Nov., at Noon.
AUSTRALIAN PORTS VIA MANILA	TANGO MARU	Jap. str.	—	Soyeda	NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA	On 15th inst., at 4 p.m.
NAGASAKI KORY & YOKOHAMA	SHIHO MARU	Brit. str.	—	E. S. Baikie	GIBB, LIVINGSTON & Co.	On 17th inst., at 11 A.M.
TSINGTAU & NEWCHOW	KASHING	Brit. str.	1 m	Takeda	NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA	To-morrow, at 10 A.M.
WEIHAIWEI & TIENTSIN	KUMOHOW	Brit. str.	1 m	G. Byers	BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE	To-day, at 4 p.m.
MOJI & KOBE	KUHSANG	Brit. str.	—	E. Forsyth	BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE	To-day, at 4 p.m.
KOBE & MOJI	KUMSANG	Brit. str.	—	R. S. Anderson	JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., LD.	To-morrow, at D'light
JAPAN	TEISONDARI	Dutch str.	—	F. Wheeler	JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., LD.	On 19th inst., at D'light.
SHANGHAI KOBE & YOKOHAMA	PAUL LECAT	French str.	1 m	—	JAVA-CHINA-JAPAN LINE	On 14th inst.
SHANGHAI	LUCHOW	Brit. str.	—	MESSAGERIES MARITIMES	—	To-day, at Noon.
SHANGHAI	NANKIN	Brit. str.	—	D. E. Davies	BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE	To-morrow, at Daylight.
SHANGHAI, MOJI & KOBE	JINSEN MARU	Jap. str.	—	G. Manley	P. & O. S. N. Co.	To-morrow, at 5 P.M.
SHANGHAI, KOBE & YOKOHAMA	CHYUEN MARU	Jap. str.	—	Torada	NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA	On 13th inst.
SHANGHAI	WINGSANG	Brit. str.	—	S. Fujita	NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA	On 14th inst.
SHANGHAI	FOOKSANG	Jap. str.	—	J. H. Lishman	JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., LD.	On 14th inst., at D'light.
SHANGHAI	YINGCHOW	Brit. str.	1 m	T. A. Mitchell	JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., LD.	On 14th inst., at D'light.
SHANGHAI	TUJIAO MARU	Brit. str.	—	E. S. Jones	BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE	On 14th inst., at 4 p.m.
SHANGHAI	CHENAN	Brit. str.	1 m	—	JAVA-CHINA-JAPAN LINE	On 15th inst.
SHANGHAI	MAITA	Brit. str.	—	W. L. Jones	JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., LD.	On 16th inst., at D'light.
SHANGHAI	FUSHIMI MARU	Jap. str.	—	C. C. Talbot, R.N.S.	BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE	On 16th inst., at 4 p.m.
ANPING & TAEAO VIA SWATOW & AMOY	OTTOYA MARU	Jap. str.	—	Irisawa	P. & O. S. N. Co.	About 24th inst.
TAMSUI, & KEELUNG VIA SWATOW & AMOY	KAIJO MARU	Jap. str.	2 h	—	NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA	On 25th inst., at 10 A.M.
SWATOW, AMOY & FOOCHEW	HAIMYU	Brit. str.	—	Murakami	OSAKA SHOSHUN KAISHA	On 16th inst., at 10 A.M.
MANILA	LOOROSANG	Brit. str.	1 m	A. H. Stewart	OSAKA SHOSHUN KAISHA	On 13th inst., at 2 p.m.
MANILA, & CEBU ILOILO	TEAN	Brit. str.	—	W. G. G. Leach	DOUGLAS, LARPAK & Co.,	On 14th inst., at 3 p.m.
MANILA	YUENKANG	Brit. str.	1 m	J. Walker	JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., LD.	To-day, at 3 p.m.
MANILA, CEBU & ILOILO	CHENAN	Brit. str.	—	W. M. Mesnyne	BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE	On 14th inst., at 4 p.m.
BOMBAY VIA SINGAPORE, MALACCA & COLOMBO	KIKIN MARU	Jap. str.	—	S. Tokushige	JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., LD.	On 18th inst., at 3 p.m.
SINGAPORE, PENANG & CALCUTTA	JAPAN	Brit. str.	1 m	Sasaki	BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE	On 21st inst., at 4 p.m.
SINGAPORE, PENANG & CALCUTTA	TOGA MARU	Jap. str.	—	C. P. Sedden	NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA	On 16th inst.
BAVILIA, CHERIBON, SAMPARANG, &c.	TEIANAP	Dutch str.	—	Takano	DAVID SASSOON & Co., LD.	On 15th inst.
BAVILIA & SOUTH AFRICAN PORTS	SALAMIS	Brit. str.	—	—	NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA	On 16th inst.
HAIPHONG VIA HOIHOW	DAIGI MARU	Jap. str.	—	D. A. Gerdiner	JAVA-CHINA-JAPAN LINE	On 16th inst.
SANDAKAN	MAUSANG	Brit. str.	—	T. Konahli	THE BANK LINE LTD.	On 23th inst.
SANDAKAN	HINSANG	Brit. str.	—	E. A. Matthews	OSAKA SHOSHUN KAISHA	On 14th inst., at 10 A.M.
HOIHOW & HAIPHONG	LOKSANG	Jap. str.	—	A. Kennedy	JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., LD..	On 19th inst., at Noon.
				D. W. Ritchie	JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., LD..	On 21st inst., at Noon.
					JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., LD..	On 14th inst., at D'light.

## INDO-CHINA S. NAV. CO., LTD.

PROJECTED SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG (SUBJECT TO ALTERATION).

FOR	STRAMERS	TO SAIL
MANILA	"LOONGSANG"	Saturday, 11th Sept., 3 p.m.
MOJOI & KOBE	"YATSHING"	Sunday, 12th Sept., D'light.
HOIHOW & HAIPHONG	"LOKSANG"	Tuesday, 14th Sept., D'light.
SHANGHAI	"WINGSANG"	Tuesday, 14th Sept., D'light.
SHANGHAI, KOBE & MOJOI	"FOOKSANG"	Tuesday, 14th Sept., D'light.
SHANGHAI	"WOSANG"	Thursday, 16th Sept., Noon.
SHANGHAI	"MAUSANG"	Thursday, 16th Sept., Noon.
MANILA	"TUMSANG"	Saturday, 18th Sept., 3 p.m.
KOBE & MOJOI	"KIMSANG"	Sunday, 19th Sept., D'light.
SANDAKAN	"HINSANG"	Tuesday, 21st Sept., Noon.

## RETURN TOURS TO JAPAN.

The Steamers "Kumsang," "Kimsang" and "Kumsang" leave about every 3 weeks for the regular and Japan returning via Kobe (Inland Sea) and Moji to Hongkong. Time occupied 20 days. This service is supplemented by the "Yatsing," "Kumsang," and leaving Hongkong at regular intervals for Yokohama, Kobe and Moji and returning thence direct to Hongkong. Time occupied 6 days.

These vessels have all modern improvements and are fitted throughout with Electric Light.

These vessels have superior accommodation for First Class Passengers and are fitted throughout with Electric Light.

Taking Cargo on through Bills of Lading to Yancheng, Chaoan, T'ain, Delzy, W'wei, F'chwang.

Taking Cargo on Through Bills of Lading to S'ndai, Laid Data, Simperna, Tawoo, Urdan.

Telephone No. 215, Sub. Exch. 16.

Freight, or Passage, apply to JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd.,

Hongkong, 11th September, 1915. GENERAL MANAGERS [6]

## BRITISH INDIA S. N. CO., LTD.

## NEW SERVICE OF STEAMERS BETWEEN

## YOKOHAMA, KOBE, HONGKONG AND BANGKOK.

Steamers are despatched Eastward and Westward at regular intervals taking

Passengers and Cargo at Current Rates.

For Freight or Passage, apply to

JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd.,

Agents,

Telephone No. 215.

Hongkong, 16th April, 1915. [25]



## THE ROYAL MAIL STEAM PACKET CO.

## PROJECTED SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG.

SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE.

## HOMEWARD.

LONDON ... "MERIONETHSHIRE" ... beginning of October.

## TRANS-PACIFIC SERVICE.

SAILINGS TO VICTORIA, VANCOUVER, SEATTLE, TACOMA AND PORTLAND.

For Freight and Further Particulars, apply to

JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd.,

Agents,

Telephone No. 215 Sub. Ex. 10.

Hongkong, 6th September, 1915. [24]

## INDIAN AFRICAN LINE.

Cargo carried on through Bills of Lading from HONGKONG to BEIRA, DELAGOA BAY, DURBAN, EAST LONDON, PORT ELIZABETH and CAPE TOWN with transshipment at COLOMBO to Steamers of the INDIAN AFRICAN LINE.

FROM HONGKONG: Connecting with "KATHIWAR"

24th September.

FROM COLOMBO: 17th October.

PROPOSED SAILINGS: Connecting with "KATHIWAR"

24th September.

FROM COLOMBO: 17th October.

PROPOSED SAILINGS: Connecting with "KATHIWAR"

24th September.

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FROM COLOMBO: 17th October.

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